From a one stop university to partner for life

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Agenda

- Mobility of students
- Mobility of staff
- Inter-institutional cooperation (Dual contact)
- International consortia (Networks)
- Cross-border delivery of education (Faculties)
- Internationalisation of curricula (together with faculties)



- Mobility most visible element: 20% target
- But difficulties:
 - Credit mobility versus degree mobility
 - Definition of mobility: nationality or foreign degree
 - Mobstacles: recognistion, accommodation, visa
- Staff mobility under-explored
- Internationalisation of curricula: reach the other
 - Content: literature, exemples, subjects
 - Methods: pedagogics, ICT, peer learning
 - Delivery: language, guest lecturers





- Third-Country Funding
 - ERASMUS Mundus
 - Tempus (2-Mobility)
- Regionally Focused Funding
 - ALFA
 - Atlantis
 - APPEAR
- European Funding Programmes
 - LLP!
- Transnational Funding
 - Austria-Tschech Republlic
 - Austria-Hungary
 - **National/Local Funding**



Actions:

- Administrative tasks
- Consulting to match project ideas with fundings
- Administrative work until the application
- Developing ideas and doing administrative work throughout the project until project is finished

- Administrative unit
- Service unit
- Strategy
- Personell
- Time



- Pull or push information
- Responisibility for success



Does internationalisation boost quality?

ERASMUS PROGRAMME Centralised actions **Decentralised actions Tools** Intensive Programs / Thematic Networks / **Student Mobility** ECTS / EUC / Curriculum Development / EPS / EILC /... Staff Mobility Individual System level (policy) Institutional level level **Europe National** Central **Department** Bologna Mission/profile Teaching/learning **Policies Activities Activities** Modernisation Research Student services Internationalisation Quality/HRM Openness & Student services modernisation



Quality improvement in HE in terms of:

Teaching

Academic development Labour market preparation Social/personal development

Research

Generating new knowledge Knowledge transfer

Openness

Modernisation
Internationalisation
European dimension
Economic development

System level

No Bologna without ERASMUS!

- 1. Bologna process: 5 out of 6 action lines direct from ERASMUS: DS, ECTS, mobility, QA and European Dimension; Stocktaking exercises, Ministerial Conferences, EUA & ESU activities, ...
- 1. Quality assurance: pilot projects, ENQA, QA Standards & Guidelines, EQAR, Qrossroads database, EQF (Sectoral QFs), Tuning, AHELO, ...
- 2. Wider impact: Classification, Lisbon Strategy, Modernisation Agenda, Erasmus Belgica, Asian counterpart programme, ...

Institutional management level

ERASMUS high impact on institutional development:

- 1. Internationalisation: Over 50% indicate a (strong) role in internationalisation strategy, international profile, international networks, tendering, ...
- 2. Professionalisation: 40% address important role in professionalisation of institutional management: regular reflection and evaluation of institutional strategies, career development



Academic department level

1. Teaching and Learning:

- 1. 90% strong effect on internationalisation & modernisation of curricula
- 2. development of "soft skills" of students
- 3. English/foreign language programs
- 4. New teaching methods
- 5. Driver of transparency



Academic department level

2. Research:

- 1. 40% indicate impact on participation in international projects
- 2. particularly at small institutions
- 3. increased international conference attendance
- 4. excellence & competition
- 5. benchmark & learn from other institutions (QA)
- 6. strengthen joint publications
- 7. international networks and development of research agenda



Academic department level

3. Student services:

- 1. largest area of quality improvement
- 2. counselling and facilities for mobile students & staff
- 3. improved information provision & in English
- 4. language training
- 5. improved services to domestic students



ERASMUS' impact strong

But ... areas for improvement

- 1. Bureaucratic costs: time and administrative procedures to tender for centralised actions
- 2. Decentral units lack interest & capacity to apply for centralised actions

But ... overall expectation:

Impact of ERASMUS will increase (75%)

placement in enterprises and modernisation of management

INTERNATIONALISATION

- The process of integrating an international, intercultural or global dimension in the purpose, function and delivery of postsecondary education' (Knight, 2004)
- Objective: a more mobile, integrated workforce and integrated European society



Internationalisation has become of strategic importance to HEIs (also a U-map dimension)

INTERNATIONALISATION broad range of activities

- Mobility of students and staff
- Internationalisation of curricula and QA
- Inter-institutional cooperation
- International consortia
- Cross-border delivery of education



INTERNATIONALISATION focus often on mobility of students

- Mobility most visible element: 20% target
- But difficulties:
 - Credit mobility versus degree mobility
 - Definition of mobility: nationality or foreign degree
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- Staff mobility under-explored
 Internationalisation of curricula: reach the other 80%
 - Content: literature, exemples, subjects
 - Methods: pedagogics, ICT, peer learning



INTERNATIONALISATION within the Bologna process

- Promote European HE worldwide
- Establish the EHEA
- 4 of 10 Bologna action lines internationalisation
 - mobility
 - recognition
 - joint degrees
 - global dimension



Bologna supports internationalisation instruments: ECTS, EQF/NQF, DS (LRC)

Portable student support

INTERNATIONALISATION EHEA success through mobility

- Credit mobility risen absolutely, not relatively
- Degree mobility in EHEA risen by 4% (1999-2007)
- Mobility from outside risen to 2.6% of all students
- But imbalances: net im/exporters
- English taught programmes increased





